



Name: _____

Mr. Tiénou-Gustafson & Mr. Bielmeier

Geometry, Period _____

Due Date: Wed, 11 Mar 2015

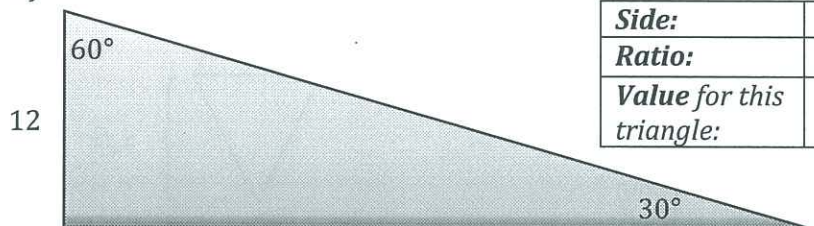
HW116_Triangles+Area&Perimeter

**Geometry
Homework***Check notes from Monday!*

Right Triangle Method:	What's the <u>goal</u> ? (What can you find with this?)	What is <u>required</u> ? (What givens do you need to use this method?)	<u>Analyze it</u> . (What is the method? Demonstrate.)
Pythagorean Theorem			
Pythagorean triples (Give at least 2 - bonus if you give first 4)			
Special right triangle ratios			
Trig ratios			
Inverse trig			

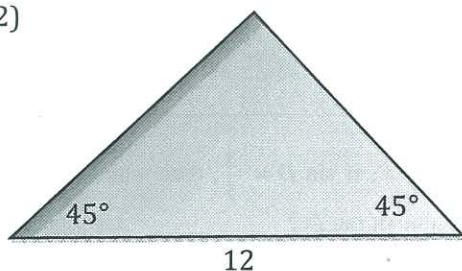
Fill in the table with the appropriate values for each of the given triangles.

1)



Side:	short leg	hypotenuse	long leg
Ratio:			
Value for this triangle:			

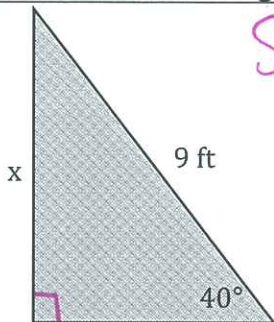
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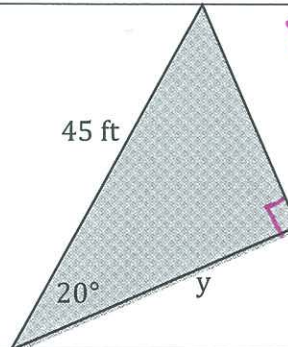
Side:	leg 1	leg 2	hypotenuse
Ratio:			
Value for this triangle:			

Find the value of the missing side or angle to the nearest tenth:

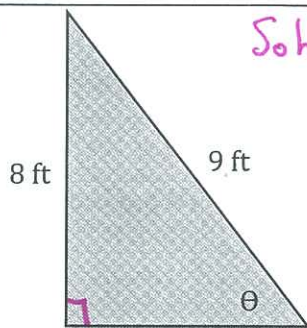
3)

*SohCahToa*

4)

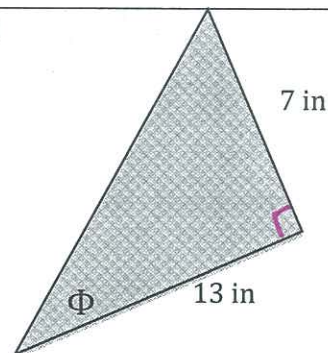
*SohCahToa*

5)



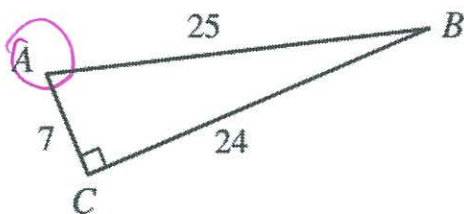
Soh Cah Toa

6)



Soh Cah Toa

7)

In the triangle shown, find $\tan A$.

A. $\frac{7}{25}$

B. $\frac{7}{24}$

C. $\frac{24}{25}$

D. $\frac{24}{7}$

E. $\frac{25}{7}$

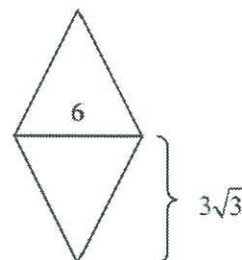
$\tan A =$

~~8)~~

What is the area, in square centimeters, of the kite shown below formed of two congruent equilateral triangles with base of lengths of 6 centimeters and altitudes of $3\sqrt{3}$ centimeters?

(Note: The area, A , of a kite can be determined using the formula $A = \frac{d_1 d_2}{2}$, where d_1 and d_2 represent the lengths of the diagonals of the kite.)

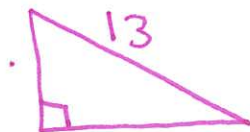
- A. 18
 B. $18\sqrt{3}$
 C. $27\sqrt{3}$
 D. $36\sqrt{3}$
 E. $54\sqrt{3}$



9)

What is the area, in square yards, of a right triangle with sides of length 5 yards, 12 yards, and 13 yards?

- A. 15
 B. 30
 C. 60
 D. 65
 E. 78



Area of triangle =

10)

In right triangle $\triangle DEF$, if $\sin D = \frac{3}{5}$, then which of the following is the value of $\tan D$?

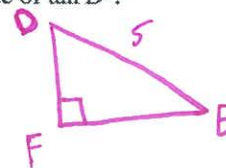
F. $\frac{3}{5}$

G. $\frac{3}{4}$

H. $\frac{4}{5}$

J. $\frac{5}{4}$

K. $\frac{4}{3}$



$\sin D =$